Wedderburn's principal theorem for Jordan superalgebras with unity

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We consider unital finite dimensional Jordan superalgebras J, with solvable radical N and such that $N^2 = 0$ and J/N is simple Jordan superalgebra of some of the following type: superform, D_t or Kac or is of type $K_3 + F1$. We proved that an analogue to the Wedderburn's Principal Theorem (WPT) is valid when some restrictions are imposed on the types of irreducible summands in the Jordan bimodule N. That the restrictions imposed are essential is shown with counter-examples.