

Practice Final Exam for Math 3851

- (10 min.) Write all cube roots of -8 , in both rectangular ($z = x + iy$) and polar/exponential ($z = re^{i\theta}$) form.
- (6 min.) Suppose that $f = u + iv$ is an entire function, and that $u = v$ everywhere in \mathbb{C} . Explain why f must be a constant.
- (6 min.) Prove the identity $\cos(z - \frac{\pi}{2}) = \sin(z)$ by using the definitions of $\sin z$ and $\cos z$ in the complex plane.
- (8 min.) Find all values of z where the function $f(z) = \bar{z}^2$ is differentiable, and find all values where it is analytic.
- (18 min.) Compute the integral $\int_{\Gamma} \bar{z}^2 dz$, where Γ is the square with vertices 0 , 1 , $1 + i$, and i , traversed counterclockwise.
- (a) (2 min.) For the function $f(z) = \frac{z^2+1}{z(z^2-1)}$, what are the values of z where f is NOT analytic?
(b) (10 min.) For each point of non-analyticity z_0 in part (a), find the value of $\int_C f(z) dz$, where C is a very small circle centered at z_0 . (You should get one answer here for each of your answers from (a).)
(c) (3 min.) Find a closed simple contour Γ for which $\int_{\Gamma} f(z) dz = 4\pi i$. (Hint: can you combine your integrals from (b) to get to $4\pi i$ somehow?)
- (a) (5 min.) Find a branch of $\log(iz - 1)$ which is analytic in the domain $D = \{z : \text{Im}(z) > 0\}$.
(b) (6 min.) Use your answer to part (a) to find $\int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{iz-1} dz$, where Γ is a contour consisting of a line segment from $1 + i$ to $-2 + 3i$, followed by a line segment from $-2 + 3i$ to $4i$, followed by a line segment from $4i$ to $-1 + i$. (HINT: you should be able to do this WITHOUT parametrizing this contour!)
- (8 min.) Find the contour integral $\int_C \left(\frac{z-i}{z+i}\right)^3 dz$, where C is the circle of radius 2 centered at the origin, traversed clockwise.
- (8 min.) Use the LM bound to give any upper bound for $\left|\int_{\Gamma} \frac{z^2+1}{z^4-2} dz\right|$, where Γ is the circle of radius 3 centered at the origin, traversed in either direction. You DO NOT need to compute the integral itself!
- (5 min.) Explain why the function $f(z) = f(x + iy) = e^{\sin(x^{10}) + i \cos(y^{10})}$ is not entire. (HINT: think about the modulus of f !)